



Man can endure a severe disease but he can barely endure meaningless life. Man is not an animal which is content when his physical needs are satisfied. Man feels the need to find his place in life, life's purpose and to understand relations with other people. We are not grains of sand but rather leaves on a tree. Each of us belongs to the common tree called mankind. We all have ancestors both physical and spiritual who gave us language, culture and, most importantly, faith that has rooted itself and with the mercy of God lives in our people. To lose touch with that past, with the ancestors means to dry out spiritually. We, Orthodox Christians, believe that human history unwraps a mysterious God's plan of world's salvation where epic historical events intertwine with lives of ordinary people. The Baptism of Rus accomplished by Saint Prince Vladimir is imbedded in lives of every one of us and it is important to understand it.

His Holiness Patriarch Kirill of Moscow and All Russia



PART

## Dnepr Christians after 866 AD





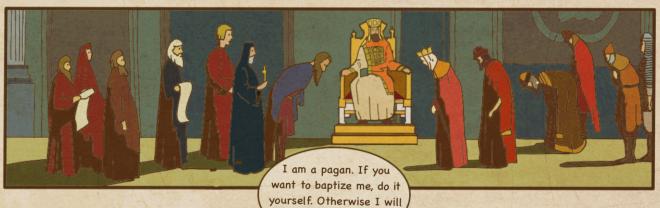














Byzantine bishops tell her about the Sacraments and mysteries of Christian faith.







The Basileus and the Patriarch baptize her.



Blessed are you among Russian women, for you have forsaken the darkness and have loved the Light.



Being enlightened her soul is full of joy.



Olga departs from Greek lands to Kiev.





She is christened Helena in the name of the mother of Constantine the Great.



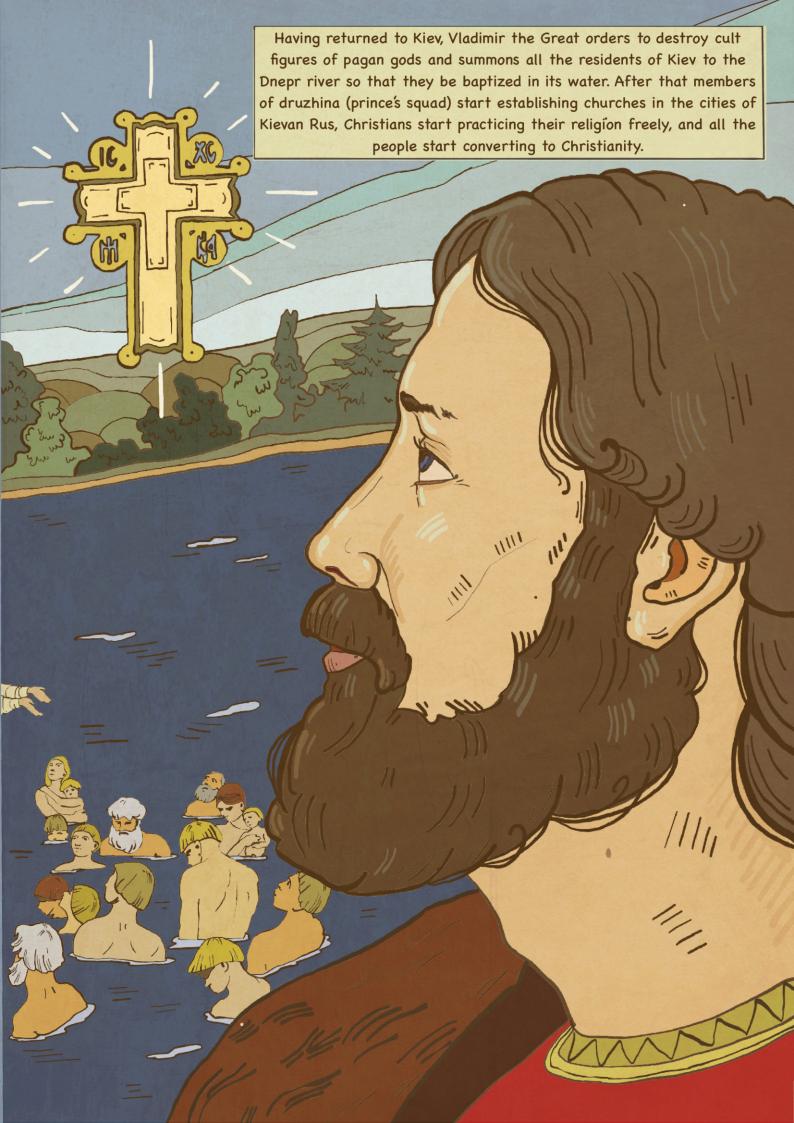
Druzhina supports the Prince's stubbornness with paganism.









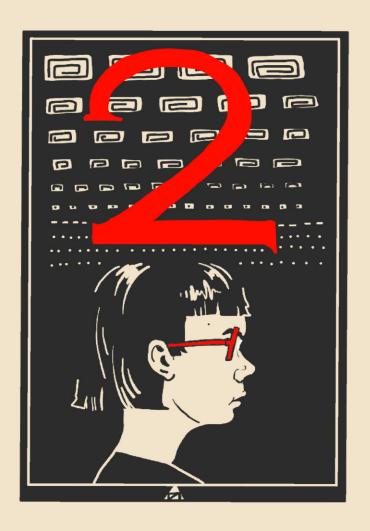


Human history is a number of organically bound events where one follows the other. The previous events define the character and dynamics of development of the following ones. Certainly, we see the hand of God in the evolution of history and how creative power of God breathes through the whole of human existence in place and time as well as through any individual life. However, God created the world for people and with His Mercy and Love granted them free will and artistic freedom. God's hand in world's fate and people inhabiting it fulfills itself through human life. A man given such an honor bears a huge responsibility and has to possess exceptional qualities: intelligence and intuition, humbleness and will, charisma, cautiousness and courage should be combined in him. Yet, first of all, he has to be filled with zealous faith that imparts providential creativity to his thoughts and actions. Those who are worthy to be chosen, who overcome temptations and stay on the evidently right path become true historical figures. Their actions define the fate of people once put in their hands. Seeds they plant grow with ages into fruitful gardens caring for many generations. Memories about these personalities and their feats are genuinely inspiring and beneficial.

Apostle-like saints Princess Olga the Wise and Vladimir the Great are such historical figures. They devoted their lives to transforming Rus by converting to Christianity. Having been people of their harsh time they clearly saw the only saving path for Rus which, thanks to discovering the true faith, allowed the huge and unstable country to unite and, despite the challenges and temptations, become victorious. Orthodox Christianity shining with glory in Rus was the result of their passionate efforts. What saint Olga started was continued by her glorious grandson, saint Prince Vladimir, who led the Eastern European people to salvation through baptism!

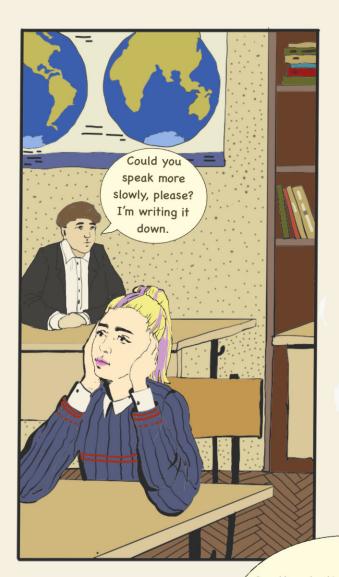
The baptism of Rus was an episode that cannot be exaggerated as it would become lifechanging for the following epochs. The tribes spread over valleys and forests of Eastern Europe entered through baptism the universe of Christian world that encompassed transformed values of ancient civilizations making their invaluable historical experience a part of their own. The baptism gave the Eastern European tribes a reasonab le prospect of saving development in the scope of the Word of Truth. The baptism united the Slavs by the single faith which defined their common culture, semantic structures and behavioral stereotypes. Unity in faith, in Orthodox culture, in clear understanding of common historical purposes and fate happened to be much more influential than the political means used by the rulers who tried to bind together the lands from Ladoga in the north to the Black sea in the south. Rus would go through an ordeal: the internal wars caused by dynastic struggles, the disintegration of Kievan Rus into separate principalities, the attempts of invasions both from Asian East and European West. Inhabitants of Rus would face a lot of suffering. Severe and greedy world would ask for many sacrifices from them. Nevertheless, despite external circumstances, the unity brought to them by the baptism would keep on growing through ages and generations, would be preserved and strengthened, would unstoppably and persistently multiply the running out energy and heal the wounds that seemed to be fatal. The following unification of Rus was not unexpected: at the end of the 15th century the tribes and principalities united into one Orthodox Tsardom, the existence of which was a direct consequence of the Baptism and a visible triumph of the transforming power given by faith.

The history continues. New severe and treacherous historical challenges are inevitable. We must be always ready for them. There is no doubt, they would receive a fitting response, and everything would be overcome with the belief in the Word of Truth as Baptism carries out its saving act through ages and generations and 'if God is with us, who can be against us?' (Romans 8:31).



## Our time







Baptism is the first of seven
Sacraments in the Orthodox
Church which symbolizes
person's spiritual rebirth into
a new life.

Baptism is a sacred act when a believer in Christ washes away by immersion the original sin as well as all the sins a person has committed before the baptism.







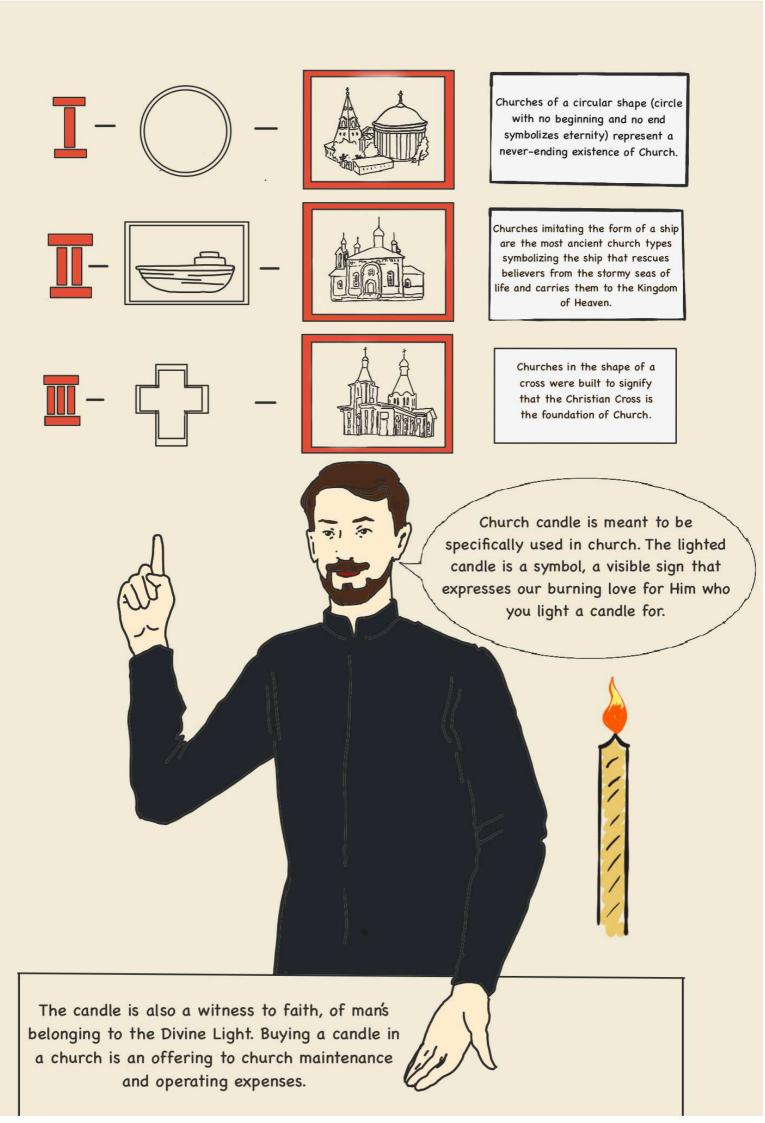


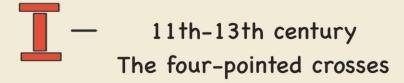














16th century

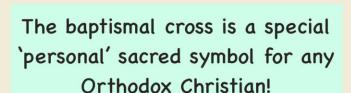
The six- and eight-pointed crosses



The classical eight-pointed



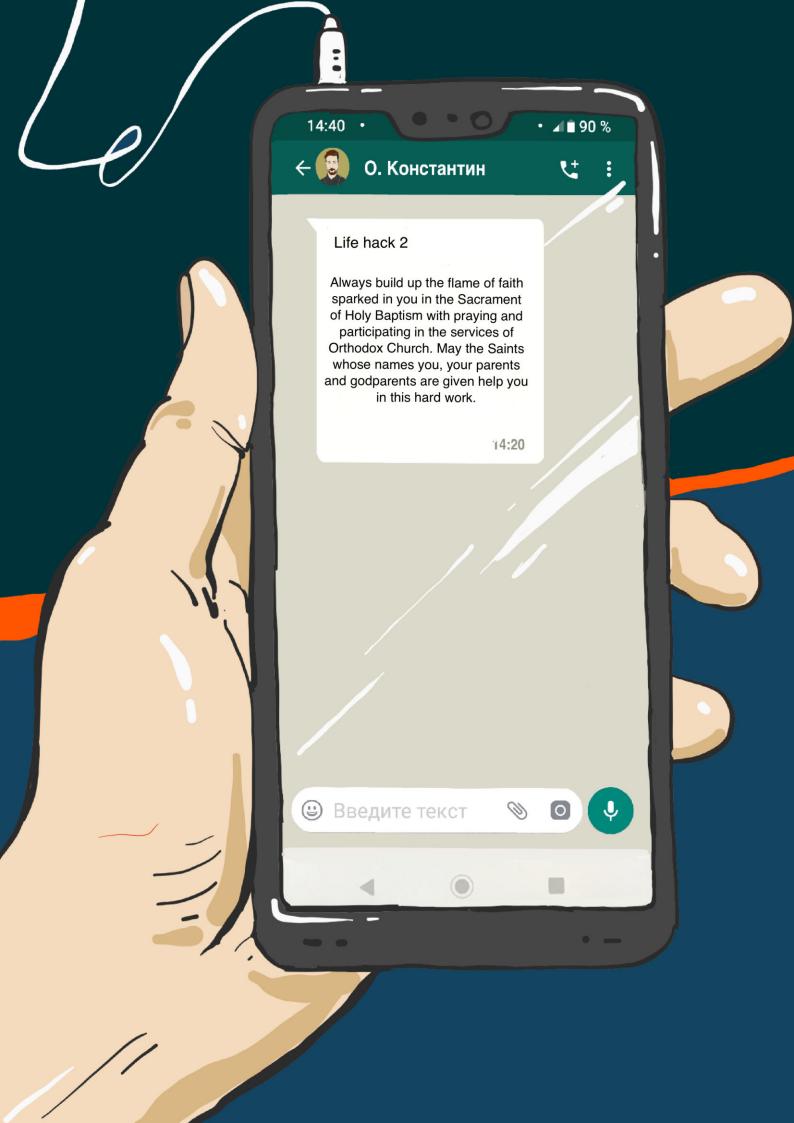
The first mention of baptismal crosses is found in the Novgorod Chronicle in 1071.

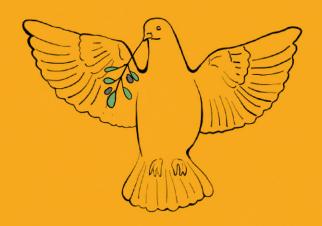


Since the first ages of Christian history, baptismal crosses have served as a prove for a man wearing it of his belonging to the Christian Church. After the Baptism of Rus, for a few centuries the faithful used to wear baptismal crosses over the clothes as a clear sign for everyone of their adherence to the Orthodox faith.









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